Shell Mysella S5 N 40

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SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND C	COMPANY IDENTIFICATION	
Product name	: Shell Mysella S5 N 40	
Product code	: 001E7185	
Manufacturer or supplier	's details	
Supplier	 Viva Energy Australia Pty Ltd (Formerly: The Shell Company of (ABN 46 004 610 459) 720 Bourke Street Docklands Victoria 3008 Australia 	Australia)
Telephone	: +61 (0)3 8823 4444	
Telefax	: +61 (0)3 8823 4800	
Emergency telephone number	: 1800 651 818 (Australia). ; POIS CENTRE: 13 11 26 (Australia).	ONS INFORMATION
Recommended use of the	e chemical and restrictions on use	
Recommended use	: Engine oil.	
SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENT		
SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENT	Incarion	
GHS Classification		
Based on available data th	is substance / mixture does not meet the	classification criteria.
GHS label elements		
Hazard pictograms	: No Hazard Symbol required	
Signal word	: No signal word	
Hazard statements	: PHYSICAL HAZARDS:	

azard statements	:	PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health hazard under GHS criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.

Precautionary statements

Prevention: No precautionary phrases.

Response: No precautionary phrases.

Storage: No precautionary phrases.

Disposal:

:

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Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.Used oil may contain harmful impurities.Not classified as flammable but will burn.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

 Highly refined mineral oils and additives.
 The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSOextract, according to IP346.

Hazardous components

Chemical nature

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
Alkylated phenol ester	125643-61-0	Aquatic Chronic4; H413	1 - 3
Overbased sulphurised calcium phenate	220794-90-1	Aquatic Chronic4; H413	1 - 3
Calcium alkaryl sulphonate	722503-68-6	Skin Sens.1B; H317	0.1 - 0.9

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

If inhaled	: No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.	
In case of skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.	ı
In case of eye contact	 Flush eye with copious quantities of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Conti rinsing. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention. 	nue
If swallowed	: In general no treatment is necessary unless large quanti are swallowed, however, get medical advice.	ties
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	: Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include form of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoe	S.
Protection of first-aiders	: When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing	g the

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	appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically.
SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEA	ASURES
Suitable extinguishing media	: Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water in a jet.
Specific hazards during firefighting	 Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.
Specific extinguishing methods	: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	: Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).
Hazchem Code	: NONE
SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEA	ASE MEASURES
Personal precautions, protective equipment and	: Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
emergency procedures Environmental precautions	: Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
	Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	 Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly.

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Additional advice	: For guidance on selection of personse Section 8 of this Safety Data 3 For guidance on disposal of spilled this Safety Data Sheet.	Sheet.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

General Precautions	:	Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
Advice on safe handling	:	Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires.
Avoidance of contact	:	Strong oxidising agents.
Product Transfer	:	Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used during all bulk transfer operations to avoid static accumulation.
Storage		
Other data	:	Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers.
		Store at ambient temperature.
Packaging material	:	Suitable material: For containers or container linings, use mild steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.
Container Advice	:	Polyethylene containers should not be exposed to high temperatures because of possible risk of distortion.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	AU OEL
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	Australia.

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				Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminant s.
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Engineering measures :	The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.
	Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.
	General Information: Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls. Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product. Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation. Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or

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subsequent recycle. Always observe good personal h washing hands after handling the drinking, and/or smoking. Routin protective equipment to remove o contaminated clothing and footwo Practice good housekeeping.	e material and before eating, hely wash work clothing and contaminants. Discard
pment	
nent (PPE) should meet recommended n	national standards. Check with
: No respiratory protection is ordin conditions of use. In accordance with good industria precautions should be taken to a If engineering controls do not ma concentrations to a level which is health, select respiratory protecti specific conditions of use and me Check with respiratory protective Where air-filtering respirators are appropriate combination of mask Select a filter suitable for the com and vapours and particles [Type (149°F)].	al hygiene practices, void breathing of material. aintain airborne s adequate to protect worker ion equipment suitable for the eeting relevant legislation. e equipment suppliers. e suitable, select an s and filter. nbination of organic gases
 Where hand contact with the progloves approved to relevant stan US: F739) made from the following suitable chemical protection. PVG gloves Suitability and durability of usage, e.g. frequency and durating resistance of glove material, dext from glove suppliers. Contaminate replaced. Personal hygiene is a becare. Gloves must only be worn of gloves, hands should be washed Application of a non-perfumed meter breakthrough time of more than 2 for > 480 minutes where suitable short-term/splash protection were recognize that suitable gloves off may not be available and in this of time maybe acceptable so long a 	dards (e.g. Europe: EN374, ng materials may provide C, neoprene or nitrile rubber of a glove is dependent on on of contact, chemical terity. Always seek advice ted gloves should be key element of effective hand on clean hands. After using I and dried thoroughly. toisturizer is recommended. hmend gloves with 240 minutes with preference e gloves can be identified. For recommend the same but fering this level of protection case a lower breakthrough as appropriate maintenance
	 subsequent recycle. Always observe good personal h washing hands after handling the drinking, and/or smoking. Routir protective equipment to remove contaminated clothing and footw Practice good housekeeping. oment nent (PPE) should meet recommended r No respiratory protection is ordin conditions of use. In accordance with good industri precautions should be taken to a If engineering controls do not ma concentrations to a level which is health, select respiratory protective Where air-filtering respirators are appropriate combination of mask Select a filter suitable for the con and vapours and particles [Type (149°F)]. Where hand contact with the pro gloves approved to relevant stan US: F739) made from the followi suitable chemical protection. PV0 gloves Suitability and durability of usage, e.g. frequency and durati resistance of glove material, dex from glove suppliers. Contamina replaced. Personal hygiene is a l care. Gloves must only be worn gloves, hands should be washed Application of a non-perfumed m For continuous contact we recon breakthrough time of more than 2 for > 480 minutes where suitable short-term/splash protection we i recognize that suitable gloves of may not be available and in this

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Eye protection	 If material is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes, protective eyewear is recommended.
Skin and body protection	 Skin protection is not ordinarily required beyond standard work clothes. It is good practice to wear chemical resistant gloves.
Thermal hazards	: Not applicable
Environmental exposure o	controls
General advice	 Take appropriate measures to fulfill the requirements of relevant environmental protection legislation. Avoid contamination of the environment by following advice given in Section 6. If necessary, prevent undissolved material from being discharged to waste water. Waste water should be treated in a municipal or industrial waste water treatment plant before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing vapour.
SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND C	HEMICAL PROPERTIES
Appearance	: Liquid at room temperature.
Colour	: amber
Odour Threshold	: no data available
	Data not available
рН	: Not applicable
pour point	: -18 °C / -0.40 °FMethod: ISO 3016

pour point	:	-18 °C / -0.40 °FMethod: ISO 3016
Melting / freezing point		Data not available
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	> 280 °C / 536 °Festimated value(s)
Flash point	:	264 °C / 507 °F Method: ASTM D92 (COC)
Evaporation rate	:	Data not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Data not available
Upper explosion limit	:	Typical 10 %(V)
Lower explosion limit	:	Typical 1 %(V)
Vapour pressure	:	< 0.5 Pa (20 °C / 68 °F) estimated value(s)

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Relative vapour density	: > 1estimated value(s)	
Relative density	: 0.890 (15 °C / 59 °F)	
Density	: 890 kg/m3 (15.0 °C / 59.0 °F) Method: ASTM D4052	
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	: negligible	
Solubility in other solvents	: Data not available	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: log Pow: > 6(based on information	on similar products)
Auto-ignition temperature	: > 320 °C / 608 °F	
Decomposition temperature	: Data not available	
	no data available	
Viscosity		
Viscosity, dynamic	: Data not available	
Viscosity, kinematic	: 125 mm2/s (40.0 °C / 104.0 °F) Method: ASTM D445	
	13.5 mm2/s (100 °C / 212 °F) Method: ASTM D445	
Explosive properties	: Not classified	
Oxidizing properties	: Data not available	
Conductivity	: This material is not expected to be	a static accumulator.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	: The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.
Chemical stability	: Stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Reacts with strong oxidising agents.
Conditions to avoid	: Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
Incompatible materials	: Strong oxidising agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	: No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

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SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL	INFORMATION		
Basis for assessment	: Information given is based on data the toxicology of similar products.U the data presented is representativ whole, rather than for individual con	Inless indicated otherwise, re of the product as a	
Exposure routes	: Skin and eye contact are the prima although exposure may occur follo		
Acute toxicity			
Product:			
Acute oral toxicity	: LD50 rat: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classi	fication criteria are not met.	
Acute inhalation toxicity	: Remarks: Based on available data are not met.	, the classification criteria	
Acute dermal toxicity	: LD50 Rabbit: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classi	fication criteria are not met.	

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: Not a skin sensitiser. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Chronic toxicity

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

: Remarks: Non mutagenic, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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Product:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification	
Highly refined mineral oil	No carcinogenicity classification.	
Alkylated phenol ester	No carcinogenicity classification.	

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Remarks: Not a developmental toxicant., Does not impair fertility., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

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Version 1.9Revision Date 22.09.2020Print Date 23.09.2020Remarks: Continuous contact with used engine oils has caused skin cancer in animal tests.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

	Basis for assessment	:	Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).
Eco	otoxicity		
	Product:		
	Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
	Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
	Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
	Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available
	Toxicity to crustacean (Chronic toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available
	Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available
Per	sistence and degradability		
	Product:		
	Biodegradability	:	Remarks: Not readily biodegradable., Major constituents are inherently biodegradable, but contains components that may persist in the environment.
Bio	accumulative potential		
	Product:		
	Bioaccumulation	:	Remarks: Contains components with the potential to

bioaccumulate.

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Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	log Pow: > 6Remarks: (based on information on similar products)	
Mobility in soil		
Product:		
Mobility	 Remarks: Liquid under most environme enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particles mobile. Remarks: Floats on water. 	-
Other adverse effects		
no data available <u>Product:</u>		
Additional ecological information	 Does not have ozone depletion potenti ozone creation potential or global warn is a mixture of non-volatile components released to air in any significant quantit conditions of use. Poorly soluble mixture., Causes physic organisms. Mineral oil does not cause chronic toxic organisms at concentrations less than 	ning potential., Product s, which will not be ties under normal cal fouling of aquatic city to aquatic

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods		
Waste from residues	Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses	
	Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.	
Contaminated packaging	Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.	
Local legislation		
Remarks	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.	
	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.	

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SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

National Regulations

ADG Not regulated as a dangerous good

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied. MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

Special precautions for user

Remarks

: Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Standard for the Uniform : No poison schedule number allocated Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

Product classified as per Work Health Safety Regulations – Implementation of the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) 2012 and SDS prepared as per national model code of practice for preparation of safety data sheet for Hazardous chemicals 2011 based on Globally Harmonized Classification version 3.

National Model Code of Practice for the Labelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals (2011).

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG code). Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Other international regulations

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

EINECS	: Notified with Restrictions.
TSCA	: All components listed.
AIIC	: All components listed.

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SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements

H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.			
H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.			
Full text of other abbreviations				
Aquatic Chronic	Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard			

Skin Sens. Skin sensitisation

Abbreviations and Acronyms

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada): ECx - Concentration associated with x% response: ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC -International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 -Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch -Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS -Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

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Further information

Training advice	:	Provide adequate information, instruction and training for operators.
Other information	:	A vertical bar () in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.

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Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet	: The quoted data are from, but not sources of information (e.g. toxicol Health Services, material suppliers IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regula	logical data from Shell s' data, CONCAWE, EU

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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